

Interim condensed consolidated financial information and review report

Gulf Cable and Electrical Industries Company – KPSC

and Subsidiaries

Kuwait

30 June 2016 (Unaudited)

Contents

	Page
Review report	1
Interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss	2
Interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income	3
Interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position	4
Interim condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity	5 and 6
Interim condensed consolidated statement of cash flows	7
Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial information	8 to 23



Grant Thornton

Al-Qatami, Al-Aiban & Partners

An instinct for growth™

Auditors & Consultants

Souq Al Kabeer Building, Block A, 9th Floor
P.O. Box 2986, Safat 13030, Kuwait
Tel: (965)2244 3900-9
Fax: (965) 2243 8451
E-mail: gt@kw.gt.com
www.grantthornton.com.kw



MAZARS

Hend Abdulla Al Surayea & Co.- Chartered Accountants

P.O. Box 23105
Safat 13092
Kuwait
Tel: +965 22470462/4
Fax: +965 22470463
Web: www.mazars.com.kw

Report on review of interim condensed consolidated financial information

To the board of directors of
Gulf Cable and Electrical Industries Company – KPSC
Kuwait

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position of Gulf Cable and Electrical Industries Company (Kuwaiti Public Shareholding Company) (the “Parent Company”) and its subsidiaries (collectively the “Group”) as of 30 June 2016 and the related interim condensed consolidated statements of profit or loss, profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim condensed consolidated financial information in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, “Interim Financial Reporting”. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim condensed consolidated financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, “Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity.” A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

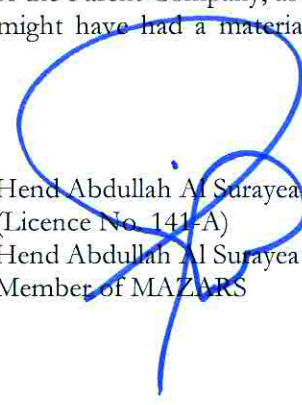
Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, “Interim Financial Reporting”.

Report on review of other legal and regulatory requirements

Based on our review, the interim condensed consolidated financial information is in agreement with the books of the Parent Company. We further report that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no violations of the Companies Law No. 1 of 2016, and the Executive Regulations of Law No. 25 of 2012, as amended, or of the Memorandum of Incorporation and Articles of Association of the Parent Company, as amended, have occurred during the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 that might have had a material effect on the business or financial position of the Parent Company.


Anwar Y. Al-Qatami, F.C.C.A.
(Licence No. 50-A)
of Grant Thornton – Al-Qatami, Al-Aiban & Partners

Kuwait
11 August 2016


Hend Abdulla Al Surayea
(Licence No. 141-A)
Hend Abdulla Al Surayea & Co.
Member of MAZARS

Interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss

	Notes	Three months ended (Unaudited)		Six months ended (Unaudited)	
		30 June 2016 KD	30 June 2015 KD	30 June 2016 KD	30 June 2015 KD
Revenue					
Sales		23,994,217	24,367,668	48,444,101	49,224,388
Cost of sales		(20,725,227)	(22,023,062)	(43,078,829)	(44,425,212)
Gross profit		3,268,990	2,344,606	5,365,272	4,799,176
Investment (loss)/income	5	(89,103)	77,358	3,904,086	5,058,723
Interest income		2,424	1,766	4,105	3,225
Other income		7,731	11,039	45,786	12,200
Foreign currency exchange gain		107,429	162,455	359,434	195,961
		3,297,471	2,597,224	9,678,683	10,069,285
Expenses and other charges					
General and administrative expenses		(773,350)	(636,141)	(1,479,891)	(1,423,841)
Commercial expenses		(470,145)	(436,985)	(889,374)	(848,845)
Impairment of available for sale investments	7	(382,013)	-	(1,792,860)	(4,016,684)
Provision for doubtful debts		-	-	(215,647)	-
Provision for obsolete and slow moving inventories		-	(48,085)	-	(41,299)
Finance costs		(264,620)	(397,129)	(586,613)	(869,304)
		(1,890,128)	(1,518,340)	(4,964,385)	(7,199,973)
Profit for the period before income tax		1,407,343	1,078,884	4,714,298	2,869,312
Income tax for overseas subsidiary		-	1,256	-	-
Profit before provisions for contribution to Kuwait Foundation for the Advancement of Sciences (KFAS), National Labour Support Tax (NLST), Zakat and Directors' remuneration		1,407,343	1,080,140	4,714,298	2,869,312
Provision for contribution to KFAS		(14,145)	(10,989)	(47,293)	(28,819)
Provision for NLST		(24,232)	-	(24,232)	-
Provision for Zakat		(8,693)	-	(8,693)	-
Provision for directors' remuneration		(77,500)	(68,750)	(155,000)	(137,500)
Profit for the period		1,282,773	1,000,401	4,479,080	2,702,993
Profit for the period attributable to:					
Owners of the parent company		1,289,898	1,019,226	4,494,041	2,715,598
Non-controlling interests		(7,125)	(18,825)	(14,961)	(12,605)
Profit for the period		1,282,773	1,000,401	4,479,080	2,702,993
Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the owners of the parent company	6	6 Fils	5 Fils	21 Fils	13 Fils

The notes set out on pages 8 to 23 form an integral part of this interim condensed consolidated financial information.

Interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

	Three months ended (Unaudited)		Six months ended (Unaudited)	
	30 June 2016 KD	30 June 2015 KD	30 June 2016 KD	30 June 2015 KD
Profit for the period	1,282,773	1,000,401	4,479,080	2,702,993
Other comprehensive loss:				
<i>Items that will be reclassified subsequently into the statement of profit or loss:</i>				
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	(1,315)	59,160	(45,118)	309,185
Available for sale investments:				
- Net change in fair value arising during the period	(2,660,331)	(8,443,535)	(4,561,628)	(16,250,446)
- Transferred to interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss on sale	399,691	982,165	414,552	996,511
- Transferred to interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss on impairment	382,013	-	1,792,860	4,016,684
Total other comprehensive loss	(1,879,942)	(7,402,210)	(2,399,334)	(10,928,066)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period	(597,169)	(6,401,809)	2,079,746	(8,225,073)
Total comprehensive (loss)/ income attributable to:				
Owners of the parent company	(589,971)	(6,386,238)	2,097,189	(8,229,473)
Non-controlling interests	(7,198)	(15,571)	(17,443)	4,400
	(597,169)	(6,401,809)	2,079,746	(8,225,073)

The notes set out on pages 8 to 23 form an integral part of this interim condensed consolidated financial information.

Interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position

	Notes	30 June 2016 (Unaudited) KD	31 Dec. 2015 (Audited) KD	30 June 2015 (Unaudited) KD
Assets				
Non-current assets				
Property, plant and equipment		6,872,140	7,544,044	8,200,952
Available for sale investments	7	91,287,255	96,014,996	98,452,702
		98,159,395	103,559,040	106,653,654
Current assets				
Inventories	8	38,677,147	45,439,553	43,678,391
Trade accounts receivable	9	26,095,439	18,627,575	26,622,002
Other receivables and prepayments		1,415,688	1,473,347	1,206,597
Cash and bank balances	10	2,567,087	2,965,995	5,070,108
		68,755,361	68,506,470	76,577,098
Total assets		166,914,756	172,065,510	183,230,752
Equity and liabilities				
Equity				
Share capital		20,993,131	20,993,131	20,993,131
Share premium		29,160,075	29,160,075	29,160,075
Legal reserve		20,993,131	20,993,131	20,993,131
Voluntary reserve		20,993,131	20,993,131	20,993,131
General reserve		23,270,944	23,270,944	23,270,944
Other components of equity	11	(1,636,840)	760,012	(28,848,761)
Retained earnings/(accumulated losses)		2,800,208	(1,693,833)	32,593,465
Total equity attributable to the owners of the parent company		116,573,780	114,476,591	119,155,116
Non-controlling interests		439,252	456,695	543,610
Total equity		117,013,032	114,933,286	119,698,726
Non-current liabilities				
Provision for employees' end of service benefits		2,464,174	2,492,544	2,506,121
Long term loans	12	1,819,800	3,660,600	5,463,900
		4,283,974	6,153,144	7,970,021
Current liabilities				
Trade accounts payable		3,030,147	3,387,458	2,956,561
Other payables and accruals		6,871,117	6,015,145	6,541,859
Current portion of long term loans	12	3,639,600	3,660,600	8,642,600
Short term loans	13	18,849,000	25,460,234	29,547,539
Murabaha payables	14	12,425,253	12,444,014	7,607,140
Due to banks	10	802,633	11,629	266,306
		45,617,750	50,979,080	55,562,005
Total liabilities		49,901,724	57,132,224	63,532,026
Total equity and liabilities		166,914,756	172,065,510	183,230,752

Bader Naser Al-Kharafi
Chairman



The notes set out on pages 8 to 23 form an integral part of this interim condensed consolidated financial information.

[Handwritten signature]

Interim condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity (Unaudited)

Equity attributable to the owners of the parent company										
	Share capital KD	Share premium KD	Legal reserve KD	Voluntary reserve KD	General reserve KD	Other components of equity (note 11) KD	(Accumulated losses) /retained earnings KD	Sub-total KD	Non-controlling interests KD	Total KD
Balance at 1 January 2016	20,993,131	29,160,075	20,993,131	20,993,131	23,270,944	760,012	(1,693,833)	114,476,591	456,695	114,933,286
Profit/(loss) for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,494,041	4,494,041	(14,961)	4,479,080
Total other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	-	(2,396,852)	-	(2,396,852)	(2,482)	(2,399,334)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(2,396,852)	4,494,041	2,097,189	(17,443)	2,079,746
Balance at 30 June 2016	20,993,131	29,160,075	20,993,131	20,993,131	23,270,944	(1,636,840)	2,800,208	116,573,780	439,252	117,013,032

Interim condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity (Unaudited) (continued)

	Attributable to the owners of the parent company							Non-controlling interests KD	Total KD
	Share capital KD	Share premium KD	Legal reserve KD	Voluntary reserve KD	General reserve KD	Other components of equity (note 11) KD	Retained earnings KD	Sub-total KD	
Balance at 1 January 2015	20,993,131	29,160,075	20,993,131	20,993,131	23,270,944	(17,903,690)	34,076,493	131,583,215	132,122,425
Payment of cash dividend	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,198,626)	(4,198,626)	-
Transactions with owners	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,198,626)	(4,198,626)	-
Profit/(loss) for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,715,598	2,715,598	(12,605)
Total other comprehensive (loss)/income	-	-	-	-	-	(10,945,071)	-	(10,945,071)	17,005
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(10,945,071)	2,715,598	(8,229,473)	4,400
Balance at 30 June 2015	20,993,131	29,160,075	20,993,131	20,993,131	23,270,944	(28,848,761)	32,593,465	119,155,116	119,698,726

The notes set out on pages 8 to 23 form an integral part of this interim condensed consolidated financial information.

Interim condensed consolidated statement of cash flows

	Note	Six months ended 30 June 2016 (Unaudited) KD	Six months ended 30 June 2015 (Unaudited) KD
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit for the period		4,479,080	2,702,993
Adjustments:			
Depreciation		737,679	804,450
Provision for employees' end of service benefits		117,993	253,951
Finance costs		586,613	869,304
Interest income		(4,105)	(3,225)
Dividend income		(4,461,113)	(5,904,985)
Other investment income		(22,563)	(19,175)
Loss on sale of available for sale investments		579,590	865,437
Impairment of available for sale investments		1,792,860	4,016,684
Provision for obsolete and slow moving inventories		-	41,299
Provision for doubtful debts		215,647	-
Foreign currency exchange (gain)/loss on non-operating liabilities		(187,187)	1,003,517
		3,834,494	4,630,250
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Inventories		6,762,406	8,093,433
Trade accounts receivable		(7,683,511)	2,188,894
Other receivables and prepayments		60,242	198,985
Trade accounts payable		(357,311)	(578,801)
Other payables and accruals		889,579	(993,131)
Employees' end of service benefits paid		(146,363)	(234,853)
Net cash from operating activities		3,359,536	13,304,777
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Additions to property, plant and equipment		(86,870)	(365,389)
Purchase of available for sale investments		(323,664)	(2,848,281)
Proceeds from sale of available for sale investments		398,520	3,510,714
Dividend income received		4,387,332	5,904,985
Other investment income received		19,980	17,638
Interest income received		4,105	3,225
Net cash from investing activities		4,399,403	6,222,892
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Payment of cash dividend		(59,195)	(4,060,620)
Proceeds from term loans		4,500,000	10,458,552
Repayment of term loans		(12,847,362)	(20,868,270)
Proceeds from murabaha payables		2,505,329	7,476,369
Repayment of murabaha payables		(2,462,575)	(10,737,859)
Finance costs paid		(561,025)	(743,538)
Net cash used in financing activities		(8,924,828)	(18,475,366)
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(1,165,889)	1,052,303
Foreign currency adjustment		(24,023)	142,041
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	10	2,954,366	3,609,458
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	10	1,764,454	4,803,802
Non cash transactions			
Dividend income		73,781	-

The notes set out on pages 8 to 23 form an integral part of this interim condensed consolidated financial information.

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial information

1 Incorporation and activities

Gulf Cable and Electrical Industries Company – KPSC (“the parent company”) is a registered Kuwaiti Public Shareholding Company, which was established on 15 March 1975. Its shares are listed on the Kuwait Stock Exchange.

The group comprises the parent company and its subsidiaries.

The principle activities of the parent company are manufacturing and supply of electrical cables and all related products and acquiring investments.

The new Companies Law No. 1 of 2016 was issued on 24 January 2016 and published in the Official Gazette on 1 February 2016 in which they have cancelled Law No. 25 of 2012 and its amendments thereto, as stipulated in article (5) thereto. The new Law will be effective retrospectively from 26 November 2012. Since the executive regulations of Law No. 1 of 2016 was issued on 12 July 2016.

The address of the parent company’s registered office is PO Box 1196, Safat 13012, State of Kuwait.

This interim condensed consolidated financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 was authorised for issue by the parent company’s board of directors on 11 August 2016.

2 Basis of preparation

The interim condensed consolidated financial information of the group for the six-month period ended 30 June 2016 has been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, “Interim Financial Reporting”. The interim condensed consolidated financial information does not contain all information and disclosures required for complete consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards. In the opinion of management, all adjustments consisting of normal recurring accruals considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included.

Operating results for the six months ended 30 June 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the financial year ending 31 December 2016. For more details refer to the annual audited consolidated financial statements and its related disclosures for the year ended 31 December 2015.

This interim condensed consolidated financial information is presented in Kuwaiti Dinars (“KD”) which is the functional and presentation currency of the parent company.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial information are consistent with those used in the preparation of the most recent annual consolidated financial statements of the group for the year ended 31 December 2015 except for adoption of relevant new standards, amendments to certain standards and interpretations discussed below.

3 Changes in accounting policies

3.1 New and amended standards adopted by the group

A number of new and revised standards are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. Information on these new standards is presented below:

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial information (continued)

3 Changes in accounting policies (continued)

3.1 New and amended standards adopted by the group (continued)

<i>Standard or Interpretation</i>	<i>Effective for annual periods beginning</i>
IFRS 10 and IAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture - Amendments	No stated date
IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28 Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception - Amendments	1 January 2016
IAS 1 'Disclosure Initiative - Amendments	1 January 2016
IAS 16 and IAS 38 Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation - Amendments	1 January 2016
IAS 27 Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements - Amendments	1 January 2016
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2012–2014 Cycle	1 January 2016

IFRS 10 and IAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture - Amendments

The Amendments to IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures (2011) clarify the treatment of the sale or contribution of assets from an investor to its associate or joint venture, as follows:

- Require full recognition in the investor's financial statements of gains and losses arising on the sale or contribution of assets that constitute a business (as defined in IFRS 3 Business Combinations)
- Require the partial recognition of gains and losses where the assets do not constitute a business, i.e. a gain or loss is recognised only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in that associate or joint venture.

These requirements apply regardless of the legal form of the transaction, e.g. whether the sale or contribution of assets occurs by an investor transferring shares in an subsidiary that holds the assets (resulting in loss of control of the subsidiary), or by the direct sale of the assets themselves.

IASB has postponed the effective date indefinitely until other projects are completed. However, early implementation is allowed.

IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28 'Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception - Amendments

The Amendments are aimed at clarifying the following aspects:

- *Exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements.* The amendments confirm that the exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements for an intermediate parent entity is available to a parent entity that is a subsidiary of an investment entity, even if the investment entity measures all of its subsidiaries at fair value.

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial information (continued)

3 Changes in accounting policies (continued)

3.1 New and amended standards adopted by the group (continued)

IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28 'Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception – Amendments (continued)

- *A subsidiary providing services that relate to the parent's investment activities.* A subsidiary that provides services related to the parent's investment activities should not be consolidated if the subsidiary itself is an investment entity.
- *Application of the equity method by a non-investment entity investor to an investment entity investee.* When applying the equity method to an associate or a joint venture, a non-investment entity investor in an investment entity may retain the fair value measurement applied by the associate or joint venture to its interests in subsidiaries.
- *Disclosures required.* An investment entity measuring all of its subsidiaries at fair value provides the disclosures relating to investment entities required by IFRS 12.

The amendments did not have any material impact to the group's interim condensed consolidated financial information.

IAS 1 Disclosure Initiative – Amendments

The Amendments to IAS 1 make the following changes:

- *Materiality:* The amendments clarify that (1) information should not be obscured by aggregating or by providing immaterial information, (2) materiality considerations apply to the all parts of the financial statements, and (3) even when a standard requires a specific disclosure, materiality considerations do apply.
- *Statement of financial position and statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income:* The amendments (1) introduce a clarification that the list of line items to be presented in these statements can be disaggregated and aggregated as relevant and additional guidance on subtotals in these statements and (2) clarify that an entity's share of OCI of equity-accounted associates and joint ventures should be presented in aggregate as single line items based on whether or not it will subsequently be reclassified to profit or loss.
- *Notes:* The amendments add additional examples of possible ways of ordering the notes to clarify that understandability and comparability should be considered when determining the order of the notes and to demonstrate that the notes need not be presented in the order so far listed in paragraph 114 of IAS 1. The IASB also removed guidance and examples with regard to the identification of significant accounting policies that were perceived as being potentially unhelpful.

The amendments did not have any material impact to the group's interim condensed consolidated financial information.

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial information (continued)

3 Changes in accounting policies (continued)

3.1 New and amended standards adopted by the group (continued)

IAS 16 and IAS 38 Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation - Amendments

Amendments to IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 38 Intangible Assets address the following matters:

- A depreciation method that is based on revenue that is generated by an activity that includes the use of an asset is not appropriate for property, plant and equipment.
- An amortisation method that is based on the revenue generated by an activity that includes the use of an intangible asset is generally inappropriate except for limited circumstances.
- Expected future reductions in the selling price of an item that was produced using an asset could indicate the expectation of technological or commercial obsolescence of the asset, which, in turn, might reflect a reduction of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset.

The amendments did not have any material impact to the group's interim condensed consolidated financial information.

IAS 27 Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements - Amendments

The Amendments to IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements permit investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates to be optionally accounted for using the equity method in separate financial statements.

The amendments did not have any material impact to the group's interim condensed consolidated financial information.

Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2012–2014 Cycle

(i) *Amendments to IFRS 7* - Additional guidance to clarify whether a servicing contract is continuing involvement in a transferred asset, and clarification on offsetting disclosures in condensed interim financial statements.

(ii) *Amendments to IAS 34* - Clarify the meaning of 'elsewhere in the interim report' and require a cross-reference.

The annual improvements did not have any material impact to the group's interim condensed consolidated financial information.

3.2 IASB Standards issued but not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of this consolidated interim financial information, certain new standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards have been published by the IASB but are not yet effective, and have not been adopted early by the group.

Management anticipates that all of the relevant pronouncements will be adopted in the group's accounting policies for the first period beginning after the effective date of the pronouncements. Information on new standards, amendments and interpretations that are expected to be relevant to the group's interim condensed consolidated financial information is provided below. Certain other new standards and interpretations have been issued but are not expected to have a material impact on the group's interim condensed consolidated financial information.

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial information (continued)

3 Changes in accounting policies (continued)

3.2 IASB Standards issued but not yet effective (continued)

<i>Standard or Interpretation</i>	<i>Effective for annual periods beginning</i>
IAS 12 Income Taxes - Amendments	1 January 2017
IFRS 9 Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement	1 January 2018
IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers	1 January 2018
IFRS 16 Leases	1 January 2019

IAS 12 Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses - Amendments

The Amendments to IAS 12 make the following changes:

- Unrealised losses on debt instruments measured at fair value and measured at cost for tax purposes give rise to a deductible temporary difference regardless of whether the debt instrument's holder expects to recover the carrying amount of the debt instrument by sale or by use.
- The carrying amount of an asset does not limit the estimation of probable future taxable profits.
- Estimates for future taxable profits exclude tax deductions resulting from the reversal of deductible temporary differences.
- An entity assesses a deferred tax asset in combination with other deferred tax assets. Where tax law restricts the utilisation of tax losses, an entity would assess a deferred tax asset in combination with other deferred tax assets of the same type

The group management has yet to assess the effect of these amendments on the group's interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement

The IASB recently released IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' (2014), representing the completion of its project to replace IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement'. The new standard introduces extensive changes to IAS 39's guidance on the classification and measurement of financial assets and introduces a new 'expected credit loss' model for the impairment of financial assets. IFRS 9 also provides new guidance on the application of hedge accounting.

Management has started to assess the impact of IFRS 9 but is not yet in a position to provide quantified information. At this stage the main areas of expected impact are as follows:

- The classification and measurement of the group's financial assets will need to be reviewed based on the new criteria that considers the assets' contractual cash flows and the business model in which they are managed.
- An expected credit loss-based impairment will need to be recognised on the group's trade receivables and investments in debt-type assets currently classified as available for sale and held-to-maturity, unless classified as at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with the new criteria.
- It will no longer be possible to measure equity investments at cost less impairment and all such investments will instead be measured at fair value. Changes in fair value will be presented in profit or loss unless the group makes an irrevocable designation to present them in other comprehensive income. This will affect the group's investment amounting to KD1,254,985 (see note 7) if still held on 1 January 2018.
- If the group continues to elect the fair value option for certain financial liabilities, fair value movements will be presented in other comprehensive income to the extent those changes relate to the group's own credit risk.

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial information (continued)

3 Changes in accounting policies (continued)

3.2 IASB Standards issued but not yet effective (continued)

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

IFRS 15 replaced IAS 18 “Revenues” and IAS 11 “Construction Contracts” and several revenue related Interpretations and provides a new control-based revenue recognition model using five-step approach to all contracts with customers.

The five steps in the model are as follows:

- Identify the contract with the customer
- Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Determine the transaction price
- Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contracts
- Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

The standard includes important guidance, such as

- Contracts involving the delivery of two or more goods or services – when to account separately for the individual performance obligations in a multiple element arrangement, how to allocate the transaction price, and when to combine contracts
- Timing – whether revenue is required to be recognized over time or at a single point in time
- Variable pricing and credit risk – addressing how to treat arrangements with variable or contingent (e.g. performance-based) pricing, and introducing an overall constraint on revenue
- Time value – when to adjust a contract price for a financing component
- Specific issues, including –
 - o non-cash consideration and asset exchanges
 - o contract costs
 - o rights of return and other customer options
 - o supplier repurchase options
 - o warranties
 - o principal versus agent
 - o licencing
 - o breakage
 - o non-refundable upfront fees, and
 - o consignment and bill-and-hold arrangements.

The group management has yet to assess the effect of this new standard on the interim group’s condensed consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 16 Leases

The new Standard requires lessees to account for leases 'on-balance sheet' by recognising a 'right of use' asset and a lease liability. It will affect most companies that report under IFRS and are involved in leasing, and will have a substantial impact on the financial statements of lessees of property and high value equipment. For many other businesses, however, exemptions for short-term leases and leases of low value assets will reduce the impact.

The group management has yet to assess the effect of this new standard on the group’s interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial information (continued)

4 Judgment and estimates

The preparation of interim condensed consolidated financial information requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing this interim condensed consolidated financial information, the significant judgments made by management in applying the group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the annual audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2015.

5 Investment (loss)/income

	Three months ended (Unaudited)		Six months ended (Unaudited)	
	30 June 2016 KD	30 June 2015 KD	30 June 2016 KD	30 June 2015 KD
Dividend income from available for sale investments	444,341	903,680	4,461,113	5,904,985
Other investment income	9,985	10,376	22,563	19,175
Loss on sale of available for sale investments	(543,429)	(836,698)	(579,590)	(865,437)
	(89,103)	77,358	3,904,086	5,058,723

6 Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the owners of the parent company

Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the owners of the parent company is calculated by dividing the profit for the period attributable to the owners of the parent company by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period as follows:

	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	30 June 2016 (Unaudited)	30 June 2015 (Unaudited)	30 June 2016 (Unaudited)	30 June 2015 (Unaudited)
Profit for the period attributable to the owners of the parent company (KD)	1,289,898	1,019,226	4,494,041	2,715,598
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period	209,931,309	209,931,309	209,931,309	209,931,309
Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the owners of the parent company	6 Fils	5 Fils	21 Fils	13 Fils

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial information (continued)

7 Available for sale investments

The components of available for sale investments are as follows:

	30 June 2016 (Unaudited) KD	31 Dec. 2015 (Audited) KD	30 June 2015 (Unaudited) KD
Local quoted securities held through managed portfolios	50,573,574	52,900,128	62,537,236
Local unquoted securities held through managed portfolios	5,723,283	6,551,443	6,356,058
Foreign quoted securities held through managed portfolios	6,899,899	8,307,261	10,696,329
Foreign unquoted securities held through managed portfolios	446,397	446,397	446,397
Foreign unquoted securities	25,527,867	25,527,867	15,911,271
Local unquoted securities	44,414	44,244	40,425
Local managed fund	1,768,956	1,809,188	2,032,872
Foreign managed funds	302,865	428,468	432,114
	91,287,255	96,014,996	98,452,702

During the period the group recognised impairment loss of KD1,792,860 (30 June 2015: KD4,016,684) in respect of certain available for sale investments.

Local and foreign unquoted securities held through managed portfolios and local and foreign unquoted securities, include investments amounting to KD1,254,985 (31 December 2015: KD2,115,449 and 30 June 2015: KD KD17,821,543) stated at cost less impairment due to the unpredictable nature of future cash flows and the unavailability of other financial information to arrive at a reliable measure of fair value. Management has performed an analysis of the underlying investments which indicates that there is no impairment.

Managed funds represent investments in units of private equity funds amounting to KD2,071,821 (31 December 2015: KD2,237,656 and 30 June 2015: KD2,464,986). Fair value of these investments are determined using net asset values reported by the investment managers and the management believes that these represent the best estimate of fair values available for these investments.

8 Inventories

	30 June 2016 (Unaudited) KD	31 Dec. 2015 (Audited) KD	30 June 2015 (Unaudited) KD
Raw materials	12,637,155	15,491,965	12,947,360
Finished goods	15,550,537	19,123,726	16,832,715
Work-in-progress	5,984,414	8,138,870	7,614,209
Spare parts	1,894,772	1,945,313	1,966,557
	36,066,878	44,699,874	39,360,841
Provision for obsolete and slow moving inventories	(737,671)	(738,763)	(594,822)
	35,329,207	43,961,111	38,766,019
Goods in transit and prepaid letters of credit	3,347,940	1,478,442	4,912,372
	38,677,147	45,439,553	43,678,391

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial information (continued)

9 Trade accounts receivable

	30 June 2016 (Unaudited) KD	31 Dec. 2015 (Audited) KD	30 June 2015 (Unaudited) KD
Trade accounts receivable	30,946,045	23,264,900	29,515,403
Provision for doubtful debts	(4,850,606)	(4,637,325)	(2,893,401)
	26,095,439	18,627,575	26,622,002

10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the interim condensed consolidated statement of cash flows comprise of the following accounts:

	30 June 2016 (Unaudited) KD	31 Dec. 2015 (Audited) KD	30 June 2015 (Unaudited) KD
Cash in hand	37,299	46,382	44,936
Cash held in managed portfolios	227,173	610,821	566,845
Bank balances	2,302,615	2,308,792	4,458,327
Total cash and cash equivalents	2,567,087	2,965,995	5,070,108
Less: due to banks	(802,633)	(11,629)	(266,306)
Cash and cash equivalents for interim condensed consolidated statement of cash flows	1,764,454	2,954,366	4,803,802

11 Other components of equity

	Fair value reserve KD	Foreign currency translation reserve KD	Total KD
Balance at 1 January 2016	235,473	524,539	760,012
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	-	(42,636)	(42,636)
Available for sale investments :			
- Net change in fair value arising during the period	(4,561,628)	-	(4,561,628)
- Transferred to interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss on sale	414,552	-	414,552
- Transferred to interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss on impairment	1,792,860	-	1,792,860
Total other comprehensive loss	(2,354,216)	(42,636)	(2,396,852)
Balance at 30 June 2016 (Unaudited)	(2,118,743)	481,903	(1,636,840)

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial information (continued)

11 Other components of equity (continued)

	Fair value reserve KD	Foreign currency translation reserve KD	Total KD
Balance at 1 January 2015	(18,083,444)	179,754	(17,903,690)
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	-	292,180	292,180
Available for sale investments :			
- Net change in fair value arising during the period	(16,250,446)	-	(16,250,446)
- Transferred to interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss on sale	996,511	-	996,511
- Transferred to interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss on impairment	4,016,684	-	4,016,684
Total other comprehensive (loss)/income	(11,237,251)	292,180	(10,945,071)
Balance at 30 June 2015 (unaudited)	(29,320,695)	471,934	(28,848,761)

12 Long term loans

	30 June 2016 (Unaudited) KD	31 Dec. 2015 (Audited) KD	30 June 2015 (Unaudited) KD
- USD 50,000,000 facility	5,459,400	7,321,200	9,106,500
- KD 40,000,000 facility	-	-	5,000,000
	5,459,400	7,321,200	14,106,500
Installments due within next twelve months	(3,639,600)	(3,660,600)	(8,642,600)
Installments due after next twelve months	1,819,800	3,660,600	5,463,900

- Long term loan facility amounting to US\$50,000,000 was obtained from a regional bank. The loan is unsecured and carries floating interest of 2.15% (31 December 2015: 2.15% and 30 June 2015: 2.15%) per annum above six months LIBOR. The loan is repayable in four semi-annual instalments of US\$5,000,000 each and five semi-annual installments of US\$6,000,000 each ending on 18 September 2017.
- Long term loan facility amounting to KD40,000,000, was obtained from a local bank. The loan is unsecured and carries interest of 1.6% (31 December 2015: 1.6% and 30 June 2015: 1.75%) per annum above Central Bank of Kuwait discount rate. The loan is repayable in eight semi-annual instalments of KD5,000,000 each and ended on 15 August 2015. The last instalment has been settled on its due date.

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial information (continued)

13 Short term loans

	30 June 2016 (Unaudited) KD	31 Dec. 2015 (Audited) KD	30 June 2015 (Unaudited) KD
Kuwait Dinar facility	9,750,000	14,500,000	13,400,000
USD facility	9,099,000	10,960,234	16,147,539
	18,849,000	25,460,234	29,547,539

The group obtained unsecured short term loans from local banks carrying interest rate ranging from 1% to 1.65% (31 December 2015: 1% to 1.65% and 30 June 2015: 1.25% to 1.65%) per annum above Central Bank of Kuwait discount rate and floating interest rate of 1.75% to 3% (31 December 2015: 1.75% to 3% and 30 June 2015: 1.75% to 2%) per annum above six months LIBOR. The loans mature on various dates ending 28 September 2016.

14 Murabaha payables

	30 June 2016 (Unaudited) KD	31 Dec. 2015 (Audited) KD	30 June 2015 (Unaudited) KD
USD facilities	12,425,253	12,444,014	7,607,140
	12,425,253	12,444,014	7,607,140

The group obtained murabaha facilities from a local Islamic Bank and it carries profit rate of 2.39% (31 December 2015: 2.37% and 30 June 2015: 2.38%). The murabaha payables mature on various dates ending 29 September 2016.

15 Annual General Assembly of shareholders

The Annual General Assembly of the Shareholders held on 27 April 2016 approved the consolidated financial statements of the group for the year ended 31 December 2015 and approved the directors' proposal not to distribute any dividend for the year ended 31 December 2015.

16 Segmental information

Operating segments are identified based on internal management reporting information that is regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to the segment and to assess its performance, and is reconciled to group profit or loss. The measurement policies the group uses for segment reporting under IFRS 8 are the same as those used in its annual consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial information (continued)

16 Segmental information (continued)

The group's reportable segments are cable manufacture and investment. The information relating to these segments are as follows:

	Cable manufacture KD	Investment KD	Total KD
Three months ended 30 June 2016 (unaudited)			
Revenue/(loss)	23,994,217	(80,198)	23,914,019
Segment profit/(loss)	1,972,089	(564,746)	1,407,343
Unallocated expenses			(124,570)
Profit for the period			1,282,773
Six months ended 30 June 2016 (unaudited)			
Revenue	48,444,101	3,927,299	52,371,400
Segment profit	2,850,947	1,863,351	4,714,298
Unallocated expenses			(235,218)
Profit for the period			4,479,080
Total assets	75,060,227	91,854,529	166,914,756
Total liabilities	(39,236,113)	(10,665,611)	(49,901,724)
Additions to property, plant and equipment	86,870	-	86,870
Depreciation	737,679	-	737,679
Impairment of available for sale investments	-	1,792,860	1,792,860
Finance costs	373,969	212,644	586,613
Dividend income	-	4,461,113	4,461,113
Three months ended 30 June 2015 (unaudited)			
Revenue	24,367,668	93,049	24,460,717
Segment profit/(loss)	1,252,643	(172,503)	1,080,140
Unallocated expenses			(79,739)
Profit for the period			1,000,401
Six months ended 30 June 2015 (unaudited)			
Revenue	49,224,388	5,080,880	54,305,268
Segment profit	2,401,102	468,210	2,869,312
Unallocated expenses			(166,319)
Profit for the period			2,702,993
Total assets	83,882,204	99,348,548	183,230,752
Total liabilities	(37,143,009)	(26,389,017)	(63,532,026)
Additions to property, plant and equipment	365,389	-	365,389
Depreciation	804,450	-	804,450
Impairment of available for sale investments	-	4,016,684	4,016,684
Finance costs	364,484	504,820	869,304
Dividend income	-	5,904,985	5,904,985

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial information (continued)

17 Related party transactions

Related parties represent major shareholders, directors and key management personnel of the group, and entities controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by such parties. Pricing policies and terms of these transactions are approved by the group's management. Transactions between the parent company and its subsidiaries which are related parties of the parent company have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. Details of transactions between the group and other related parties are disclosed below.

During the period, the group entities entered into the following transactions with related parties that are not members of the group:

	30 June 2016 (Unaudited) KD	31 Dec. 2015 (Audited) KD	30 June 2015 (Unaudited) KD
Amounts included in interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position			
Trade accounts receivable	1,217,153	1,522,177	3,865,022
Other receivables and prepayments	301,200	302,950	301,450
Trade accounts payable	6,095	6,095	6,095

	Three months ended (Unaudited)		Six months ended (Unaudited)	
	30 June 2016 KD	30 June 2015 KD	30 June 2016 KD	30 June 2015 KD
Amounts included in interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss				
Sales	26,383	269,647	59,637	476,335
Industrial expenses	1,311	38,882	4,071	52,658
Provision for doubtful debts	-	-	250,000	-
Key management compensation:				
Salaries and other short term benefits	114,807	111,415	236,045	222,751
End of service benefits	5,671	9,553	12,315	17,053
Provision for directors' remuneration	77,500	68,750	155,000	137,500
	197,978	189,718	403,360	377,304

18 Capital commitments

At the period end, the group was committed to purchase new machinery and equipment amounting to KD12,242 (31 December 2015: KD31,809 and 30 June 2015: KD41,540).

19 Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities at the period end in respect of outstanding letters of guarantee amounted to KD6,574,188 (31 December 2015: KD6,134,535 and 30 June 2015: KD5,215,808).

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial information (continued)

20 Fair value measurement

20.1 Fair value hierarchy

Fair value represents the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the interim condensed consolidated statement of financial position are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Management considers that the carrying amounts of loans and receivables and all financial liabilities, which are stated at amortised cost, approximate their fair values.

The level within which the financial asset or liability is classified is determined based on the lowest level of significant input to the fair value measurement.

20.2 Fair value measurement of financial instruments

The financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis in the interim condensed consolidated financial position are grouped into the fair value hierarchy as follows:

30 June 2016 (Unaudited)	Level 1 KD	Level 2 KD	Level 3 KD	Total KD
Available for sale investments:				
Local quoted securities held through managed portfolios	50,573,574	-	-	50,573,574
Local unquoted securities held through managed portfolios	-	-	4,929,856	4,929,856
Foreign quoted securities held through managed portfolios	6,899,899	-	-	6,899,899
Foreign unquoted securities	-	-	25,527,867	25,527,867
Local unquoted securities	-	-	29,253	29,253
Local managed fund	-	1,768,956	-	1,768,956
Foreign managed funds	-	302,865	-	302,865
	57,473,473	2,071,821	30,486,976	90,032,270

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial information (continued)

20 Fair value measurement (continued)

20.2 Fair value measurement of financial instruments (continued)

	Level 1 KD	Level 2 KD	Level 3 KD	Total KD
31 December 2015 (Audited)				
Available for sale investment:				
Local quoted securities held through managed portfolios	52,900,128	-	-	52,900,128
Local unquoted securities held through managed portfolios	-	-	4,897,551	4,897,551
Foreign quoted securities held through managed portfolios	8,307,261	-	-	8,307,261
Foreign unquoted securities	-	-	25,527,867	25,527,867
Local unquoted securities	-	-	29,084	29,084
Local managed fund	-	1,809,188	-	1,809,188
Foreign managed funds	-	428,468	-	428,468
	61,207,389	2,237,656	30,454,502	93,899,547

	Level 1 KD	Level 2 KD	Level 3 KD	Total KD
30 June 2015 (Unaudited)				
Available for sale investments:				
Local quoted securities held through managed portfolios	62,537,236	-	-	62,537,236
Local unquoted securities held through managed portfolios	-	-	4,903,497	4,903,497
Foreign quoted securities held through managed portfolios	10,696,329	-	-	10,696,329
Local unquoted securities	-	-	29,111	29,111
Local managed fund	-	2,032,872	-	2,032,872
Foreign managed funds	-	432,114	-	432,114
	73,233,565	2,464,986	4,932,608	80,631,159

There have been no significant transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the reporting period.

Measurement at fair value

The methods and valuation techniques used for the purpose of measuring fair value are unchanged compared to the previous reporting period.

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial information (continued)

20 Fair value measurement (continued)

20.2 Fair value measurement of financial instruments (continued)

Level 3 fair value measurements

The group's financial assets and liabilities classified in level 3 uses valuation techniques based on significant inputs that are not based on observable market data. The financial instruments within this level can be reconciled from beginning to ending balances as follows:

	Available for sale investments (Unquoted securities)		
	30 June 2016 (Unaudited) KD	31 Dec. 2015 (Audited) KD	30 June 2015 (Unaudited) KD
Opening balance	30,454,502	5,169,397	5,169,397
Transferred from available for sale investments previously measured at cost	-	15,911,271	-
Additions	73,781	-	-
Gains or losses recognised in:			
- Other comprehensive (loss)/income	(41,307)	9,373,834	(236,789)
Closing balance	30,486,976	30,454,502	4,932,608

The group's finance team performs valuations of financial items for financial reporting purposes, including level 3 fair values, in consultation with third party valuation specialists for complex valuations, where required. Valuation techniques are selected based on the characteristics of each instrument, with the overall objective of maximising the use of market-based information.

The impact on interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and interim condensed consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income would be immaterial if the relevant risk variable used to fair value the level 3 investments were changed by 5%.